Adverse impact notification sent to Joint Commission on Administrative Rules, House Committee on Appropriations, and Senate Committee on Finance (COV § 2.2-4007.04.C): Yes ☐ Not Needed ☒

If/when this economic impact analysis (EIA) is published in the *Virginia Register of Regulations*, notification will be sent to each member of the General Assembly (COV § 2.2-4007.04.B).



Virginia Department of Planning and Budget **Economic Impact Analysis**

18 VAC 90-40 Regulations for Prescriptive Authority for Nurse Practitioners Department of Health Professions
Town Hall Action/Stage: 4958 / 8458

January 11, 2019

Summary of the Proposed Amendments to Regulation

The Board of Nursing and Medicine (Boards) propose to eliminate the requirement for renewal of prescriptive authority for a nurse practitioner, and reduce the fee for initial application for prescriptive authority from \$75 to \$35.

Result of Analysis

The benefits likely exceed the costs for all proposed changes.

Estimated Economic Impact

The current regulation includes a \$35 biennial fee for renewal of prescriptive authority for nurse practitioners. The proposal to eliminate the requirement for renewal of prescriptive authority would save nurse practitioners \$35 every other year, as well as the time associated with applying for renewal. The Boards do not believe eliminating this requirement would affect health and safety.

The Boards' proposal to reduce the fee for initial application for prescriptive authority from \$75 to \$35 would save nurse practitioners \$40 when they first apply for the authority. The proposed reduction of the fee for initial application for prescriptive authority, and the proposed elimination of the requirement for renewal of prescriptive authority, would both reduce revenue received by the Board of Nursing (Board). According to the Department of Health Professions,

the Board would continue to have sufficient resources with the reduction of revenue. Given the benefits for nurse practitioners, and lack of impact on health and safety and the Board's ability to operate, both proposals should produce net benefits.

Businesses and Entities Affected

The proposed amendments affect the 7,417 licensed nurse practitioners with prescriptive authority, as well as future applicants for nurse practitioners prescriptive authority

Localities Particularly Affected

The proposed amendments do not disproportionately affect particular localities.

Projected Impact on Employment

The proposed amendments do not significantly affect employment.

Effects on the Use and Value of Private Property

The proposed amendments are unlikely to significantly affect the use and value of private property.

Real Estate Development Costs

The proposed amendments do not affect real estate development costs.

Small Businesses:

Definition

Pursuant to § 2.2-4007.04 of the Code of Virginia, small business is defined as "a business entity, including its affiliates, that (i) is independently owned and operated and (ii) employs fewer than 500 full-time employees or has gross annual sales of less than \$6 million."

Costs and Other Effects

The proposed amendments are unlikely to significantly affect costs for small businesses.

Alternative Method that Minimizes Adverse Impact

The proposed amendments do not adversely affect small businesses.

Adverse Impacts:

Businesses:

The proposed amendments do not adversely affect businesses.

Localities:

The proposed amendments do not adversely affect localities.

Other Entities:

The proposed amendments do not adversely affect other entities.

Legal Mandates

General: The Department of Planning and Budget has analyzed the economic impact of this proposed regulation in accordance with § 2.2-4007.04 of the Code of Virginia (Code) and Executive Order 14 (as amended, July 16, 2018). Code § 2.2-4007.04 requires that such economic impact analyses determine the public benefits and costs of the proposed amendments. Further the report should include but not be limited to: (1) the projected number of businesses or other entities to whom the proposed regulatory action would apply, (2) the identity of any localities and types of businesses or other entities particularly affected, (3) the projected number of persons and employment positions to be affected, (4) the projected costs to affected businesses or entities to implement or comply with the regulation, and (5)the impact on the use and value of private property.

Adverse impacts: Pursuant to Code § 2.2-4007.04(*C*): In the event this economic impact analysis reveals that the proposed regulation would have an adverse economic impact on businesses or would impose a significant adverse economic impact on a locality, business, or entity particularly affected, the Department of Planning and Budget shall advise the Joint Commission on Administrative Rules, the House Committee on Appropriations, and the Senate Committee on Finance within the 45-day period.

If the proposed regulatory action may have an adverse effect on small businesses, Code § 2.2-4007.04 requires that such economic impact analyses include: (1) an identification and estimate of the number of small businesses subject to the proposed regulation, (2) the projected reporting, recordkeeping, and other administrative costs required for small businesses to comply with the proposed regulation, including the type of professional skills necessary for preparing required reports and other documents, (3) a statement of the probable effect of the proposed regulation on affected small businesses, and (4) a description of any less intrusive or less costly alternative methods of achieving the purpose of the proposed regulation. Additionally, pursuant to Code § 2.2-4007.1, if there is a finding that a proposed regulation may have an adverse impact on small business, the Joint Commission on Administrative Rules shall be notified.